

their toll, and finally Father Mobley was forced to move from Salt Lake City, where, due to its high altitude, he was always accompanied by an oxygen mask. Although doctors advised retirement, Father Mobley chose to serve in the Washington Diocese in the Mukilteo and Everett areas, whose residents were fortunate enough to have been touched by this extraordinary person.

Today, I celebrate Father Mobley as an active, energetic, and generous man. He was generous with his faith sharing, he was generous with his counsel, and he was generous with his enthusiasm and conversation. Father Mobley was a man of incredible passion and compassion. His friends, family, and parishioners will remember him for his soulful sermons and championing of social justice.

Father Mobley challenged those around him to give and love unconditionally. This is a challenge each and every one of us can take inspiration from. He was truly a man who loved his fellow human beings, and he will be missed by those who had the opportunity to know him.●

TRIBUTE TO GOLD STAR MOTHERS

● Mr. DORGAN. Mr. President, as we begin a new session of Congress, I thought this would be an appropriate time to stop for a moment and reflect upon some of the sacrifices that have been made by our citizens to ensure the protection of liberty and democracy in this great Nation. One group of citizens comes immediately to mind—the Gold Star Mothers.

This organization was formed in the years following the end World War I. It is a nonprofit, nonpolitical group which was organized by 25 mothers in June 1928 and incorporated on January 5, 1929. The cost of membership is incalculable. To join, one must have lost a son or daughter during a war waged by the United States.

As a parent myself, I know from personal experience that there is nothing more costly than losing a child. To raise and nurture a son or daughter, instilling in them the aspirations and goals that are only achieved through a long and full life, and then to having their lives cut short is a tragic and devastating blow to any parent. The pain never goes away. It is a pain that Gold Star Mothers live with every day.

What is remarkable about this group of courageous women is that they refused to allow their grief to become the victor. Instead, they chose to channel their pain and suffering into productive work to benefit veterans and the community at large.

In 1940, Congress and President Franklin Roosevelt recognized their tireless efforts on behalf of veterans and Gold Star family members by enacting legislation to honor these brave women by designating the last Sunday in September as Gold Star Mothers Day. There is no organization more worthy of this perpetual honor.

But the Gold Star Mothers did not stop there. They wanted to expand their opportunities to assist veterans and their families and sought a congressional charter so they could work in veterans hospitals throughout the country. That charter was granted in 1984. The charter outlines the objective and purposes for which they were organized, including assisting all veterans and their dependents in claims to the VA; inspiring respect for the Stars and Stripes; encouraging a sense of individual obligation to the community, State, and Union; perpetuating the memory of those whose lives were sacrificed in our wars, and supporting and extending needful assistance to all Gold Star Mothers.

Over the ensuing years, Gold Star Mothers has provided assistance to countless veterans needing help. They do so with great dedication and great love. What greater love is there than a mother's love?

Although the group started out with only 25 members, Gold Star Mothers grew quickly and today has department officers covering all 50 states as well as the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. And they keep expanding.

I just wanted to take this time to salute this organization, to assure them that a grateful nation has not forgotten their sacrifice, and to thank them for the good work they continue to do for this great nation. I would like to pay special tribute to a Gold Star Mother in my State, Margaret Renner, who lost a son in Vietnam in 1969. She has been an active member of Gold Star Mothers, Inc., for many years, and all of us who know her are grateful for her dedicated service to the men and women who have served the Nation honorably as well as to those who have lost their sons and daughters to war. ●

BUDGET SCOREKEEPING REPORT

● Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, I hereby submit to the Senate the budget scorekeeping report prepared by the Congressional Budget Office under section 308(b) and in aid of Section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, as amended. This report meets the requirements for Senate scorekeeping of section 5 of Senate Concurrent Resolution 32, the first concurrent resolution on the budget for 1986.

This report shows the effects of congressional action on the budget through January 22, 1997. The estimates of budget authority, outlays, and revenues, which are consistent with the technical and economic assumptions of the 1997 concurrent resolution on the budget (H. Con. Res. 178), show that current level spending is above the budget resolution by \$16.9 billion in budget authority and by \$12.6 billion in outlays. Current level is \$17.8 billion above the revenue floor in 1997 and \$99.2 billion above the revenue floor over the 5 years 1997–2001. The current estimate of the deficit for purposes of calculating the maximum deficit amount is \$222.4 billion, \$4.9 billion below the maximum deficit amount for 1997 of \$227.3 billion.

This is my first report for the first session of the 105th Congress.

The report follows:

U.S. CONGRESS,
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE,
Washington, DC, January 22, 1997.

Hon. PETE V. DOMENICI,
Chairman, Committee on the Budget,
U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: The attached report for fiscal year 1997 shows the effects of Congressional action on the 1997 budget and is current through January 21, 1997. The estimates of budget authority, outlays, and revenues are consistent with the technical and economic assumptions of the 1997 Concurrent Resolution on the Budget (H. Con. Res. 178). This report is submitted under Section 308(b) and in aid of Section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act, as amended.

This is my first report for the first session of the 105th Congress.

Sincerely,
JAMES L. BLUM
(For June E. O'Neill, Director).

THE CURRENT LEVEL REPORT FOR THE U.S. SENATE, FISCAL YEAR 1997, 105TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION, AS OF CLOSE OF BUSINESS JANUARY 21, 1997

(In billions of dollars)

	Budget resolution (H. Con. Res. 178)	Current level	Current level over/under resolution
ON-BUDGET			
Budget authority	1,314.9	1,331.8	16.9
Outlays	1,311.3	1,323.9	12.6
Revenues:			
1997	1,083.7	1,101.5	17.8
1997–2001	5,913.3	6,012.5	99.2
Deficit	227.3	222.4	–4.9
Debt subject to limit	5,432.7	5,222.9	–209.8
OFF-BUDGET			
Social Security Outlays:			
1997	310.4	310.4	0.0
1997–2001	2,061.3	2,061.3	0.0
Social Security Revenues:			
1997	385.0	384.7	–0.3
1997–2001	2,121.0	2,120.3	–0.7

Note.—Current level numbers are the estimated revenue and direct spending effects of all legislation that Congress has enacted or sent to the President for his approval. In addition, full-year funding estimates under current law are included for entitlement and mandatory programs requiring annual appropriations even if the appropriations have not been made. The current level of debt subject to limit reflects the latest U.S. Treasury information on public debt transactions.

THE ON-BUDGET CURRENT LEVEL REPORT FOR THE U.S. SENATE, 105TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION, SENATE SUPPORTING DETAIL FOR FISCAL YEAR 1997, AS OF CLOSE OF BUSINESS

JANUARY 21, 1997

(In millions of dollars)

	Budget authority	Outlays	Revenues
ENACTED IN PREVIOUS SESSIONS			
Revenues			1,100,335
Permanents and other spending legislation	843,140	804,154	